SPEAK NO EVIL: PART ONE

FOOTNOTES

Her son's body was left splayed on a road where the street lights were broken.

If anyone knew why, they weren't telling.

So Shonda Mason picked through the weeds that climbed over the jagged asphalt. She searched the leafy overgrowth swallowing a fence. She ran fingers over dirt to find the cave of a bullet hole. She knelt to study the stains on the street. Bushes revealed nothing. The blood had washed away.

Rap. Rap. Rap.

She pounded on the back door of one of the houses that butts against the street.

Rap. Rap. Rap.

She imagined eyes behind the peephole, someone peeling blinds apart to see her face. No answer.

A woman drove up next door, and Shonda ran to the car. "We was trying to find the spot where my son got killed," she said, leaning in through the stranger's window.

"He was laying in the street," the driver said. That was all she would say.

This scene was witnessed by reporters Joan

McClane and Todd South. Dialog in quotes were witnessed. Any internal dialog was gathered from interviews afterward with Shonda and from what she said during the scene.

Five months after Shonda's 18-year-old son was found dead, his murder remained unsolved. His file sat within a stack of cases of other dead black teenagers, cases without evidence because witnesses wouldn't talk.

Stacks of files were seen by the reporter in Investigator Chris Blackwell's office. The scene where Shonda looks for the spot that Eric was killed happened in August and was witnesses by the reporter. Eric was killed in March.

Shonda knew that someone in the neighborhood had seen or heard about what happened that night. She understood why they wouldn't speak about it. There was a code here. Before Eric was gone, Shonda had followed the code, too.

This was what Shonda said about the street understanding of justice. This was also confirmed by national research and interviews with federal reports, national criminologists and more than a dozen additional interviews with judges, lawyers, victim/ witness coordinators, police and locals.

The code was never memorized or recited. It seeped into her from grade school.

"There are boundaries you don't cross," she said.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason.

When someone kills your own, you kill them. You don't rely on police sirens. You don't tell what you saw. You handle it. When Eric was 15, Shonda sent him to the hospital with a bullet in his stomach to get stitched up, belly button to chest. She taught him to ignore court subpoenas, to keep his name off court documents and police investigations, to say I don't remember and I don't know and I didn't see anything.

Based on interviews with Shonda Mason, confirmed by court

records and unanswered subpoenas.

The juvenile who police say shot Eric went on to be charged with killing two more people. Eric never said a word. This was confirmed by court records and a Times Free Press story written July 5, 2012 by Todd South. The man accused was Devante Stoudemire.

Shonda sold crack cocaine her entire adult life, but he never told.

Based on interviews with Shonda Mason and confirmed

by police arrest records and Department of Children Service records.

When a 17-year-old Eric was in a shootout, the police knocked on her door and she told the officers he wasn't there. She bailed him out on other charges. She followed the code.

Then Eric was dead, and all her black-and-white thinking turned gray. She's been calling police and visiting their offices, trying to trust the uniforms she lied to most of her life, trying to help the same officers who once hunted her

Based on interview with Shonda Mason and actions witnessed by reporter.

Months into the investigation, the men Shonda is convinced killed Eric are still in the neighborhood. They post pictures on Facebook and Twitter with guns pointed at the camera, guns in their beds, guns coming out of their pockets. These pictures were found by the reporter. The profiles on Facebook and Twitter were confirmed by police. Pictures identify them as the suspects and although the pictures were taken down, the reporter retains copies.

They say they would rather die than run their mouths, that talkers should die.

"I keep a pocket full of cheese to bring out all the rats," one wrote.

This is from conversations on Facebook and Twitter that were copied by the reporter and included statements like "Frank White said it best a lot of friends done switched on me they locked up been murdered," wrote Oshae Smith. "All rats gotta die even Stuart ha!" Also, "no tattle tales." Also, "Hate flip flopping a** n****. That's a b**** move, but I don't care. No new friends. Got a problem? You know how I handle mines," wrote Lee Antonio Clements Jr. "If you aint willing to lay down for life in order to keep from running your mouth, you can't possibly call yourself "GanGsta," Clements wrote.

She could see them driving down Dodds Avenue, pumping gas at the Kanku station or at the Bi-Lo getting a jug of milk. Based on interview with Shonda Mason.

They've told her to stop blaming them publicly. But she won't stop.

Oshae Smith wrote "All dese mixed rumors about how lil

bra got killed gone make me spazz df out on everybody. Anybody that knew me n lil bra know that I would've took a bullet fa my lil soldier plus I'm willin to do 100 years for wen I found out who had sumn to do with this s***." "The system need to get better ion thank they realize how they could get sumbody kilt just by a misunderstanding when this s*** is ova n done with n dat judge say not guilty wff yall gone say than? Cause im still gone have my same mindset 9 (f*** ya) #free toneg," he wrote. "Less gone n stamp this now dont let da media have yall speaking on s*** yall don't no s*** about. Tone Tone did not do that s*** these weak A** cops want my n***** off the street neway they tryna do anything they can to build a case n wat money did this n***** have that was worth killing ova? That maine was broke a** f*** but ima stop here cause I see ima lose my character woosaaa #freetoneg N RIP lil trey I know he have enough to make 900,000 thousand dollar bond lol. Thats right b**** lil brah might be home sonner than yall thank so don't speak to down em specially if you know u wouldn't do it y my n**** was on da town f*** who against my n**** free toneg wassup with all dese f*** n****."

The police tell her they think she is right about the killers. Detectives tell her they are doing what they can. She tries to do the rest.

Investigator Chris Blackwell named Tone Tone, Skream and Thumpa Mac as people of interest early on in interviews. In conversations witnessed between Shonda Mason and Chris Blackwell, Shonda was told that the three men were suspects. In court Tone Tone and Thumpa Mac were mentioned as having been involved.

And she wonders about the fundamentals of the inner city, the code. Is it helping people? Or is it burying them? Based on interviews with Shonda Mason.

AS SICK AS YOUR SECRETS

In the early 1990s there were twice as many killings as there are now in Chattanooga.

Based on Times Free Press archives.

The neighborhoods were flooded with crack cocaine, but even in the chaos people showed up to court.

Based on interviews with Tim Carroll, a former police officer and criminal investigator for the district attorney's office, and Bill Phillips, head of Chattanooga police's homicide division.

In 1991, a year with 49 killings in the city, 93 percent of the cases were cleared by police.

Based on Times Free Press archives

Then things changed. The War on Drugs happened. Rodney King happened. Zero-tolerance policing happened. Stop and frisk happened. Year by year, more witnesses stopped coming.

They ignored calls and suppoenas.

They changed apartments, bought throw-away cell phones.

The old mob language about rats and snitches and the "code of omerta" folded into the inner-city lexicon. The infamous video made in Baltimore called "Stop F***** Snitching" with a cameo by NBA star Carmelo Anthony spread online.

Based on "The Stop Snitching Phenomenon" published by the U.S. Department of Justice in February 2009 and "Racial Reconciliation, Truth Telling and Police Legitimacy" published by the U.S. Department of Justice in August 2013, confirmed by David Kennedy in telephone interviews and in his book "Don't Shoot: One Man, A Street Fellowship and The End of Violence in Inner-City America." This information was also confirmed through interviews with victim witness coordinators, community members and police leadership.

A different kind of morality crept into the neighborhood. Telling the truth wasn't as important as standing against the police. People wore T-shirts: "Stop Snitching." Elementary students knew the saying: "Snitches get stitches, snitches get ditches."

Based on published papers by the U.S. Department of Justice and confirmed by interviews with Chattanooga community members.

People cheered in hallways when a witness bulked the court. Judges lashed out.

"There were 20 people who saw your child murdered," one said in open court. "They are sickening, sickening people." Based on a Times Free Press story published

March 6, 2013 by Joan Garrett. The judge was Lila Statom.

Scenes like the one in March 2010 in Coolidge Park grabbed attention. A group of 300 gathered and bullets hit five teenagers. People ran away from police, not toward them.

Based on recording of dispatch communications with police after the shooting.

Now police say 58 percent of open homicide and shooting investigations in Chattanooga are at dead ends because of witness silence. Officers chase testimony then another body falls. They chase some more. They say they looked. The clearance rate for homicides has dropped by nearly 30 percent. Less than half of shooting suspects are caught. Many arrests lead to a few years, some time in juvenile detention, a slap on the wrist, a Chattanooga Times Free Press investigation shows.

Based on Times Free Press analysis of every shooting case from January 2011 and records from the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation.

In many cases bullets hit criminals, but they also hit boys who weren't old enough to buy a beer. They hit Keoshia Ford, who now can't walk or talk. She was just 13 when in 2012 she was caught between gang members and a bullet was lodged in her skull. The 17-year-old who nearly killed her is serving just two years.

The shooter of a 16-year-old pregnant girl in East Lake Courts was never caught. The shooter of a 3-year-old boy at Woodlawn Apartments who was hit in the leg when bullets came through a window was never caught.

Based on Times Free Press archives

Absent testimony has allowed killers and shooters to return to the community practically unscathed.

Based on interviews with prosecutors, defense attorneys, judges, victims families and police, confirmed by data compiled by the Times Free Press.

They are woven into the fabric of places like Alton Park and East Lake. They are hated for their violence and revered for getting away with it.

They send a message to the young.

Based on interviews with Skip Eberhardt, victim's families, gang members and community members.

Stay just a few hours at Bear's Barber Shop, and Edward Lewis will tell you about how his brother was killed five years ago, and the killer walked.

"It's just a stigma that we as a black community have set upon our kids... if you tell then you're snitching on us, or you tell, then you're not a leader or you not part of this community," he said.

Stand around the corner store on West 38th Street. A man selling weed will show you the bullet scar on his leg and said the shooter was never arrested. He didn't want his name used. He didn't care if the shooter was caught. "F*** the police," he said. Sit on the porches of East 27th Street, and Theresa Gilbert will tell you about when her daughter was shot three years ago, and even though a crowd of her friends watched no one would testify. Her child had permanent nerve damage and can't work. The teen got two years in prison, and is back out.

"[Her friends] didn't step up to the plate," she said. "If they had, that young man would probably still be locked up now." They all say they don't really trust police or each other, that they are still trying to forgive the system and the shooter. They all say there is no justice here.

These scenes were witnesses by reporter Joan McClane and multimedia reporter Mary Helen Miller. Each interview was recorded.

ANOTHER BODY

Eric Mason Fluellen was just 18, but he was already a young man people knew. He was small, 5 feet 6 inches and 120 pounds, with caramel skin

Overall handsome, aside from the dark circles drooped under his hazel eyes.

In East Chattanooga people called him Little "E."

Information about Eric reputation was confirmed by interviews with his family, his criminal record and by interviews with gang members and police. Details of his physical appearance was confirmed by photos.

His father had been a career burglar.

Ponzia Fluellen has an extensive criminal record with several theft and burglary charges.

His mother had been a dealer.

Based on Shonda Mason's criminal record.

One of his uncles had been a gangster, and his aunt, Towanda Sherrell, walked on crutches because she was shot in the neck at 17. When Eric was 4, he watched his aunt kill his father for nearly choking his mother to death.

Based on police records and interviews with Shonda Mason and Towarda Sherrell. The uncle was interviewed but asked to remain unnamed

He was born into reputation, but he wanted one of his own.

Based on Eric's diary writing and interviews with Shonda Mason. He wanted to make money the way the other boys made money. He wanted to earn respect the way the other boys earned respect.

Based on diary writings and interviews with Shonda Mason.

Stand your ground, his mother told him.

You got to get out there and fight because you ain't gonna be no pretty boy.

Recounted dialog from Shonda Mason.

He acted like he wasn't afraid to run into a drug house with a gun drawn. He acted like he wasn't afraid to sling crack or fight or run from police, his mother said. His friends wanted to prove the same mettle, she said.

Based on interviews with Eric's friends and Shonda Mason, confirmed by his juvenile criminal record.

Tone Tone, born Lee Antonio Clements Jr., was rising in rank in the Foust Street sect of the Gangster Disciples. Friends said he used to be a lanky, nerdy

East Ridge High School student before pictures showed him with lines cut in his eyebrows and police wrote about him hiding from officers with loaded guns in his pockets.

Skream — Dominic Wright — was scrappy, older, and the same rank. He called himself "hard2kill." Like Tone Tone, he decided who was in and who was out.

O'Shae Smith, known as Thumpa Mac, was the biggest of the three, nearly 6 feet tall and 221 pounds. He liked to pose for pictures with stacks of money.

Based on interviews with Investigators Chris Blackwell and Lucas Fuller, police records, Twitter and Facebook posts and interviews with Tone Tone's high school friends. Police information about ranks was gathered through a paid police informant.

The four men spent nights together, partied together, traveled together and ate together.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason.

Eric hadn't been formally beaten into the group or "blessed in" with family ties, but he wanted a spot. Tone Tone called him his "right-hand man."

Based on interview with police and Facebook posts. Information about Eric's rank was gathered from a paid police informant and confirmed by Shonda Mason and Ponshala Fluellen.

He was with those three men on March 18, a Monday.

Based on interviews with police, confirmed by dated photograph.

That day, Shonda said she begged him not to leave the house with **Tone Tone and Thumpa Mac. She had bailed him out of jail weeks** before, and he had already started robbing again. She'd found thousands of dollars in cash hidden in a plastic house plant, and the possible consequences were starting to terrify her. But Eric was unwilling to listen. He told her he would die for his brothers, and then stuffed the money in his boxer shorts and walked out the front door.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason.

Someone took a picture of him that night that would be posted days later on Facebook. He stood by Tone Tone in a kitchen, wearing a white T-shirt and sagging blue jeans, the same clothes he would be found dead in. His hair was pulled back, and he appeared at ease. Both of them had their hands held up with their fingers shaped like the barrel of a handgun.

Based on court testimony and the photograph.

Before sunrise, Skream showed up at Eric's house to tell the family Eric was dead. Ponshala, Eric's 16-year-old sister, was the only one home. She agreed to ride with Skream to see the body because he had been Eric's friend. Rap music bumped through the car stereo and he said nothing. He stopped the car on the way to the scene and got out to talk to someone. She used her phone to call her mother.

Eric is dead.

Are you sure?

Yeah Momma. They said he dead.

The scene was recounted by Ponshala Fluellen. Skream's visit to Ponshala was confirmed by police.

When Shonda got to the scene at 13th Avenue, on that dark street where all the houses face away, the yellow tape had been strung up and groups gathered on the sidewalk. Cars cruised by slowly, and traffic bustled like midday. Eric was out of view, shot five times in the head.

She ran to the police.

Was it really Eric?

The officer nodded.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason who recalled the scene. Her recollection was confirmed by Chris Blackwell.

An investigator named Chris Blackwell was assigned to the homicide. He interviewed Skream, who said he'd just happened to drive by and notice the body. Other officers knocked on doors, finished the traditional canvas. Blackwell counted seven interviews that night, none of which led to much.

Based on interview with Chris Blackwell.

Shonda's conversations went differently. When the uniforms weren't close, people whispered that Eric had stumbled into their yard before he fell on the road to die, that they saw men wearing black run down an alleyway, that they saw a shadow behind their house, that they saw a car speed away from the body. That they heard it was a case of envy... or revenge... or money.

Text messages flew. Cell phones rang. Twitter ignited. "GIP LilEric," they all said. Another Gangster in Paradise.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason. Text message and Twitter messages seen by reporter.

LITTLE SOLDIER

When another teen with a criminal record is buried, a part of the community breathes a sigh of relief.

Shonda's neighbor, an aging white security guard named Mike Middleton, felt this way.

People parked in his yard to buy drugs, and this made him angry, he said. Middleton hung a sign in his yard to warn Eric: "Steal here, Die here."

"I'm not glad he's dead," he said, "but I'm not going to miss him."

Based on interview with Mike Middleton.

Shonda believes most white people felt this way. She told friends she thought the police were probably thankful Eric was dead. She said the police would never work to resolve his case like they did for white women like Theresa Parker or Gail Palmgren, deaths that involved helicopter searches, forensic analysis, reward money and public outcry.

But she also said she believed the blacks in East Lake would play their part and keep their mouths shut. For both groups, Eric was a throwaway — not worth the time, not worth the risk. To Shonda, he was everything.

Based on interviews with Shonda Mason and conversations witnessed by reporter.

Over the years, Shonda had eight babies with four men. Her mother kicked her out of the house when she was a teenager. Her father was killed in a car accident after getting out of prison. Her sisters fought with her. Her boyfriends beat her, some stabbed her. She wanted to feel loved.

Eric was born premature with marijuana in his system, and the Department of Children's Services later flagged her for "environmental neglect, lack of supervision, physical abuse and substantial risk of physical injury." But she kept having babies who would love her, she said.

Shonda was addicted to weed, addicted to the easy money of the drug game. At times she felt unable to juggle so many children in a two-bedroom house, but no one disputed that she wanted her children.

"The mother and children are bonded," state records read.

Eric viewed himself as the caretaker, the safety net. When her boyfriends tried to beat her, he broke in. She called him her little soldier.

He was just 10 when he helped his mother scout the empty house the family would sleep in for months. They fiddled with the electric wires to turn the power on.

If the family was hungry, he took the Walmart bags they saved, filled them in the store, drove the buggy out without paying and pushed the food home.

But when Eric was 13, Ponshala set her one-year-old sister on a hot oven to rub lotion on her legs, and when the burned baby was seen at the hospital, the authorities split the family apart. The Department of Children's Services deemed Shonda negligent. His sisters and brothers were sent to relatives. Eric was sent to a stranger.

He was never the same.

Months after being taken from his mother he was hospitalized for telling his foster parents he wanted to kill himself and others. If I can't go back to live with my mother then there is no sense in remaining in this world, he told crisis workers at the scene.

He started fighting with teachers at school and refused to do assignments. No school wanted him, state records show. He ran away from foster care and came looking for his mother. Foster parents passed him along.

He grew more angry, and his crimes grew more dangerous. By 16, he faced charges for selling cocaine and attempted murder. He told counselors he was addicted to drugs like his mother and father had been. He fathered two children.

On the outside he was trigger ready. On the inside? "Mom, I love you. Miss you," he wrote again and again in a journal he kept in juvenile detention. "I love God for letting me see another day."

When he was out he bought Shonda a multicolored dress. Crystal beading lined the waist and caught the window light when she held it to her chest. She told him she would wear it as a wedding dress one day. He would walk her down the aisle. All personal history about the family was gathered from more than 300 pages of records from the Department of Children's Services. These records included medical histories, psychological exams, school records, testing records, social service workers notes and criminal records. The records were sent to Shonda Mason from the state after Eric's death.

BROTHERS

Tone Tone, Skream and Thumpa Mac didn't go see Shonda immediately after Eric's body was found. A sudden hush fell over the Gangster Disciples. When a gang associate is killed, it's customary for the gang to help pay funeral expenses, but no one gave any money. The money Eric had on him that night was gone.

Based on interviews with police and Shonda Mason. A fish fry was held to raise money for the funeral.

Shonda had expected the three men to be arrested within hours of the shooting. It was clear that Eric had been with them. Why had Skream found the body? Why had he been able to tell the family before police? But no witness would say so. The next night she had family members call the men to come to her house.

When Tone Tone and Thumpa Mac arrived, they didn't look her in the eye, she said. They told conflicting stories, saying Eric had gone off with a girl that night, then saying that the group had gotten into a shootout and Eric was left behind. It was so clear they were lying.

Based on interview with Shonda Mason.

Blackwell called them to the police station for interviews. But before questioning could start, they asked for lawyers. Based on interview with Chris Blackwell and case file.

At the funeral, the men showed up late and sat in a back pew. Eric's body was on display up front and Shonda was crying. Can you believe they are here?

Someone said behind her. Towanda, her sister, walked back to confront them. A crowd formed around the scene. Get up and leave. We know you done killed him.

Thumpa Mac smiled, slouched back into his seat, kicked up his feet and folded his arms. A cousin held Towarda back. The police, who were stationed across the street, in the back of the church and in the balcony for a moment like this, moved in and pulled the men out.

Based on interviews with Ponshala Fluellen and Shonda Mason, as well a police officer at the scene and Towanda Sherrell.

A week or so later Thumpa Mac wrote on Facebook: "ALL DESE MIXED RUMORS ABOUT HOW LIL BRA GOT KILLED GONE MAKE ME SPAZZ DF OUT ON EVERYBODY. ANYBODY DAT KNEW ME N LIL BRA KNOW THAT I WOULD'VE TOOK A BULLET FA MY LIL SOLDIER."

A month later he wrote this: "Load it cocc it aim shoot = bloody, body, brains, woooo." Based on Facebook posts.

THE LONG WAIT

Four months passed with no arrest.

Shonda started taking medication for depression and anxiety. She watched cable. On the news she saw NFL star Aaron Hernandez arrested for a gang-related shooting. She watched the bad guys get caught on "CSI: Crime Scene Investigation," where even dead prostitutes were quickly avenged.

"Everybody knows who did it," said Skip Eberhardt, Shonda's friend. "But people won't talk... I think she is going crazy."

She wanted the police to break down suspects' doors and take their guns. She wanted them to wiretap their cars, their houses.

She wanted them to find their cell phone records, she said. She told Blackwell this. "I am just tired, man," she said. "These people go on and live their life like nothing happened."

Blackwell took a clinical approach to the case. He took notes about what addresses he drove to and what numbers he called. At times, he forgot Shonda's name, but referred to his 70-page file.

Shonda told him, "I know everything from who involved on down."

He rolled his eyes. Prove it.

All based on scenes witnessed by the reporter.

Eric wasn't the first dead teen Blackwell had seen. He had spoken with grieving parents and crying spouses. He had been called a racist and a skinhead on patrol. He had learned to disassociate himself with the cases. For many of these teenagers, these ends were inevitable. And the community seemed to do little to stop it.

"You grow callous to it," he said. "You feel nothing."

It was a job. Order for autopsy. Death notification. Synopsis. Interdepartmental call logs. Consent searches. Phone subpoenas. Interview reports. It was a job he wanted to do well.

He didn't cry for Eric, but he wanted to solve the killing.

There were days when he and Investigator Lucas Fuller sat in the car on surveillance for hours at a time. There were nights when he stayed into the early morning. He tallied 56 hours overtime for Eric's killing; Fuller put in overtime, too. In total, records show Blackwell logged more than 1,000 hours on the case.

"I understand the family is frustrated when they continue to hear the same things," he said. "We have to have evidence." Based on interviews with Chris Blackwell and Lucas Fuller.

One afternoon, Shonda made a round of calls from her living room. A bootleg copy of the movie "The Purge" played in the background. The black window curtains were pulled shut. Eric's old girlfriend, Kala Moss, answered the phone.

"What have you been hearing?" Shonda asked.

"I ain't been hearing nothing," the 18-year-old said.

When she hung up Shonda sighed, grit her teeth.

Based on scene witnessed by the reporter.

People had to make an exception this time, she thought. It was Eric. People had to talk this once.

She went to the jail to talk to a gang member who told her the plot ran deep, but also said they would never say that in court. She questioned Eric's friends outside the gang. One boy cut his hair and threw away his cell phone because he was so scared he would be found by either the police or the gang if he talked. She logged into Eric's old Facebook account and researched his friends. She called people who lived on Foust Street.

There was a woman she thought might have seen Eric the night he died, a female gang member. So she drove to her house to confront her. Shonda screamed at the graying woman covered in tattoos.

She told her she was going to find out what happened, that someone was going to be held responsible. The woman shared a little, but said she could never be a court witness.

Eric had a lot of money that night, and hadn't shared it with his friends, the woman told Shonda. He didn't have his gun because he had loaned it to someone who had left to sell drugs. A car pulled up and honked for him to come outside, and she said Eric grabbed her hand.

Sis, I don't want to go.

They did the brother's handshake, the woman said. Then, he was gone.

Based on interview with Shonda. This scene was confirmed by police investigators who spoke to this woman. The woman is not being named to protect her from retaliation.

SPEAK

On a Tuesday, Blackwell parked his car in the projects and walked to a barred door. A few people sitting on their porches watched him closely. He nodded his head toward them and pounded.

For weeks he had been trying to interview Tone Tone's ex-girlfriend, a thin girl with thick glasses named Teaira Howard. She didn't answer his calls.

He looked for her at her work. He looked for her at her mother's house. On the Internet, the cops saw that she was being threatened by Tone Tone.

"Yuu gne learn," read a text conversation that Tone Tone had shared on Twitter.

"You know ain say shit to no police," Teaira responded. "I didn't say s*** the first time, and the second time I didn't say a word... and they came to my JOB and got me. Yo weak ass friends chasing me on da way to da mall... And ain discussing s*** ... I didn't put your name on s*

A school official at Teaira's brother's school gave the police similar information. Teaira's brother, 17, had been found punching lockers, and when asked what was wrong he said his sister was in danger. She was pregnant with Tone Tone's child and might know something about the killing of Eric Fluellen.

When Teaira answered the door, she told Blackwell he could come inside. She didn't want the neighbors to see he was there.

"Why you been running?" Blackwell asked the 19-year-old. "I know you know something."

Long moments went by in silence.

"Tell me what you know."

She wrapped herself up in a blanket and sat on the end of a couch, crouching in a ball, avoiding his stare.

"Do you know anything?" he said.

Her sister in the background wagged her head, yes.

"I only know what I been hearing," she said.

Blackwell lowered his voice and tried to sound paternal. He said he would find them a new place, far from Tone Tone, that he would keep them safe. He said talking was the right thing to do, that Shonda was devastated.

"What if this was your brother?" he said.

Teaira said she didn't know anything.

On his way out, Teaira's sister pulled him aside and said Teaira wouldn't talk because she was afraid and still in love with Tone Tone. Blackwell promised he would find Teaira's brother and find out what he knew.

He drove again to the mother's house. He left his card. The family told him the boy was out of the state for the summer. Blackwell found him at his girlfriend's house. He repeated the same things he said to Teaira. I know you know something, Talk.

Finally, the teen agreed. He was afraid, but he wanted to protect his sister.

Blackwell called Shonda when he got the warrant. They had charged Tone Tone with criminal homicide, aggravated assault and criminal possession, he said.

Based on scene witnessed and recorded by reporter. The reporter interviewed the family of the witness, including his siblings and his mother. They asked for their names not to be used to protect them from retaliation. But their pictures appear because they were present in court for testimony. The witness was contacted by the reporter

and an interview was set up, but when the reporter arrived for the interview the teenager physically ran from the reporter. He could not be reached after that.

The family praised police on Facebook. "IM SO HAPPY THEY GOT THAT B****... WHO ELSE GOIN WIT HIM???" Eric's cousin wrote on Facebook.

"Free Tone Tone," gang members wrote.

"UCHEERIN FA DA COPS," wrote Thumpa Mac. "I AINT NEVA KILLED NOBODY IN MY LIFE."

"Im not a police ass bitch but i love them for diz justice," Eric's cousin wrote back.

Based on Facebook posts.

The night before the hearing, Shonda seemed calm. She drank and cooked collard greens.

If they could go away for the crime, that was good enough. That was within the law, and she was trying to trust the law.

"I miss my baby," she said. "I need some justice."

She expected the case to be strong, that the iron bars locking Tone Tone away would stay locked forever.

Based on scene witnessed by the reporter.

Blackwell didn't tell Shonda, but in the days leading up to the hearing he began to worry that the case would fall apart. Based on interview with Chris Blackwell.

The witnesses' mother had not wanted him involved. His sister, Teaira, had been going to see Tone Tone in jail. She wrote on Twitter how sad she was to have to raise her baby alone. And in the weeks since the arrest, the boy had become shaky. Based on interview with Chris Blackwell and witness's mother.

Witness would not agree to be interviewed for the story. Twitter posts by Teaira showed she wanted Tone Tone to be freed. Blackwell and the state prosecutor, Lance Pope, met with the witness for hours before the hearing finally began. They kept him upstairs, away from the crowd.

Witnessed by reporter.

So many witnesses say one thing in their living room and another on the stand. And any variation in testimony leaves room for questions of credibility. Defense attorneys prey on mistakes.

Based on interviews with defense attorneys and police.

Tone Tone came out in a red jump suit. Blackwell straightened his tie. The witness raised his right hand. Tone Tone's family and friends watched from the front row.

"Did you have a conversation with Mr. Clements outside of East Ridge High School?" the prosecutor asked.

"Yes... I was with my girlfriend..." he trailed off.

"This microphone is recording, the judge has to understand the words you are saying." "Alright," he said. "She was saying.." he trailed off again.

"Speak up," the judge said.
"I walked up to his vehicle in front of the school... I asked him if he knew anything about that," he said.

The prosecutor stopped him.

"You said, 'Do you know anything about that?' What were you talking about?"

"The shooting," the witness said.

"What shooting?"
"The Eric Fluel..."

"I can't understand what you are saying so I know the judge can't understand what you are saying," the prosecutor said. "I need you to slow down and speak up. You said do you know anything about that shooting?.. What did he say to you in response?... What did he say initially when you asked him about the shooting?" "That he had passed the gun to O'Shae," the witness said.

Shonda leaned in closer to hear.

- "What did you say to Mr. Clements when he said he passed the gun to O'Shae?"
- "I said I know you didn't," the witness said. "I know you better than that."
- "What did he tell you?"
- "That he had shot him."

Shonda couldn't believe she heard the words. In the moment she thought she had been wrong, about everyone. The police would solve the case. A witness would speak. Her son's death would matter.

Then the defense attorney started cross examination, and a pit formed in her stomach.

The attorney pointed out that the teen had changed his story. At first, the witness said he talked to Tone Tone at his home. Then he said he talked to Tone Tone at his school.

The attorney also questioned his motivation. Wasn't the family angry at Tone Tone for leaving Teaira while pregnant, for finding another girlfriend? Hamilton County Sessions Court Judge Clarence Shadduck took it all in before he spoke.

There was probable cause, he said. So he would pass it on to the grand jury. But the case had weaknesses. So he lowered Tone Tone's bond from \$900,000 to \$250,000. With a bondsmen, it would cost \$25,000 or less to get him released from jail.

The witness leaned in to his mother. "I guess I'll have to move."

Tone Tone smiled.

As everyone left the courtroom, Shonda was sent into a side room by the court office so that she wouldn't run into Tone Tone's family. And when the door closed, she wept.

Give me a paper, she said. "I am going to write the judge a letter."

She collapsed in a chair.

"He's going to get back out."

Entire scene witnessed by the reporter.

NIGHTMARES

In mid December, Tone Tone remained in jail because of charges brought against him that were unrelated to Eric.

Thumpa Mac was also locked up for gun charges unrelated to Eric.

Based on court and iail records.

But Shonda expects them back out. Blackwell can't really disagree with her. Neither will go away forever for Eric's death. No better witness has come forward. Shonda doesn't believe 17-year-old will come back to court.

Based on interviews with Shonda Mason and Chris Blackwell.

Eric's 19th birthday came and went. His brothers and sisters and daughter laid flowers at his grave. Shonda stayed alone at the house. She thinks too much these days, she said.

She thinks about why she hated the police and about the years she lied to them for Eric and herself. She thinks about what would have happened if she had taught her son not to lie. Would he have died earlier? Would he have died a snitch? She thinks about what would have happened if she hadn't have bailed him out that last time, just three weeks before he was killed. She didn't want Eric to go to prison. Now he is dead.

Based on interviews with Shonda Mason.

On her dresser, she taped the one picture she had of Eric smiling. On her shoulder, she got a tattoo of Eric's face. It doesn't look just like him, but it's close enough.

Witnessed by the reporter.

She keeps a gun tucked between her queen mattress and the box spring, just in case. Shadowy nightmares come and go. Always the same scene:

The gun in her hand. The barrel pressed to their temples, and then, like an executioner — click.

The bodies lays on the street where the houses face away and the street lights are broken.

A crowd watches

No one speaks.

Dream sequence is gathered from Shonda Mason's recounting of her constant dreams.